AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

| 1 | 1. (Currently Amended) A method for performing time measurements |
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| 2 | during instrumentation-based profiling, comprising: |
| 3 | measuring an overhead time, wherein the overhead time is the time |
| 4 | required to execute profiling instrumentation code in isolation measured through a |
| 5 | calibration procedure, and-wherein the calibration procedure involves executing |
| 6 | the instrumentation code in a loop for a number of times, and wherein multiple |
| 7 | copies of the instrumentation code are included in the loop; |
| 8 | receiving a code to be profiled; |
| 9 | inserting the profiling instrumentation code in the code; |
| 10 | executing the code including the instrumented portions of the code; |
| 11 | measuring a time for executing the code including the instrumented |
| 12 | portions of the code; and |
| 13 | subtracting the overhead time from the measured time to obtain the time |
| 14 | for the code to be profiled. |
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| 1 | 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the code includes platform- |
| 2 | independent Java bytecodes. |
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| 1 | 3. (Cancelled) |

| 1 | 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the profiling instrumentation |
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| 2 | code is executed multiple times to determine an average value for the overhead |
| 3 | time. |

5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the profiling instrumentation code includes method entry code that takes a first time measurement at the beginning of a method, and method exit code that takes a second time measurement at the end of the method, wherein the first and second time measurements are used to calculate an execution time for the method.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein determining the overhead time involves calculating an inner time $t_I = x_2 + y_1$, wherein y_1 is the time between when the first time measurement is taken and when the method entry code is finished executing, and wherein x_2 is the time between when the method exit code begins executing and when the second time measurement is taken.
 - 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the time t_{exact} for executing instrumented portions of the code is calculated as $t_{exact} = t_{meas} t_I$.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein if the method makes m calls to other methods, the time for executing instrumented portions of the code $t_{exact} = t_{meas} t_I mt_O$, wherein the outer time, $t_O = x_1 + y_2$, wherein x_1 is the time between when the method entry code begins executing and when the first time measurement is taken, and wherein y_2 is the time between when the second time measurement is taken and when the method exit code is finished executing.
 - 9. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing instructions that when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a

| 3 | method for performing time measurements during instrumentation-based |
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| 4 | profiling, wherein the computer-readable storage medium includes magnetic and |
| 5 | optical storage devices, disk drives, magnetic tape, CDs (compact discs), and |
| 6 | DVDs (digital versatile discs or digital video discs), the method comprising: |
| 7 | measuring an overhead time, wherein the overhead time is the time |
| 8 | required to execute profiling instrumentation code in isolation measured through a |
| 9 | calibration procedure, and wherein the calibration procedure involves executing |
| 10 | the instrumentation code in a loop for a number of times, and wherein multiple |
| 11 | copies of the instrumentation code are included in the loop; |
| 12 | receiving a code to be profiled; |
| 13 | inserting the profiling instrumentation code in the code; |
| 14 | executing the code including the instrumented portions of the code; |
| 15 | measuring a time for executing the code including the instrumented |
| 16 | portions of the code; and |
| 17 | subtracting the overhead time to obtain the time for the code to be profiled |
| 1 | 10. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 9, wherein |
| 2 | the code includes platform-independent Java bytecodes. |
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11. (Cancelled)

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- 1 12. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 11, 2 wherein the profiling instrumentation code is executed multiple times to 3 determine an average value for the overhead time.
 - 13. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the profiling instrumentation code includes method entry code that takes a first time measurement at the beginning of a method, and method exit code that

- 4 takes a second time measurement at the end of the method, wherein the first and
- 5 second time measurements are used to calculate an execution time for the method.
- 1 14. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13,
- wherein determining the overhead time involves calculating an inner time $t_I = x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_4 + x_5 + x_4 + x_5 + x_5$
- 3 y_1 , wherein y_1 is the time between when the first time measurement is taken and
- 4 when the method entry code is finished executing, and wherein x_2 is the time
- 5 between when the method exit code begins executing and when the second time
- 6 measurement is taken.
- 1 15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
- 2 wherein the time t_{exact} for executing instrumented portions of the code is
- 3 calculated as $t_{exact} = t_{meas} t_I$.
- 1 16. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 15,
- wherein if the method makes m calls to other methods, the time for executing
- instrumented portions of the code $t_{exact} = t_{meas} t_I mt_O$, wherein the outer time,
- 4 $t_O = x_1 + y_2$, wherein x_1 is the time between when the method entry code begins
- 5 executing and when the first time measurement is taken, and wherein y_2 is the
- 6 time between when the second time measurement is taken and when the method
- 7 exit code is finished executing.
- 1 17-24 (Canceled).